### NGÂN HÀNG ĐỀ THI VIÊN CHỨC MÔN TIẾNG ANH – BẬC 1

#### Part 1. Choose the best option A, B, C or D to complete each sentence. 1. The car \_\_\_\_\_\_ I bought yesterday is expensive. B. where C. which A. whose D. who \_\_\_\_\_ than HCM City in winter. 2. Dalat is \_\_\_\_ A. the coldest B. as cold C. cold D. colder me here? 3. Are you surprised at \_\_\_\_\_ A. to see B. seen C. seeing D. see 4. I English books every night. B. read C. was reading D. am reading A. reads 5. - Huy: Let's go somewhere for a drink. - Hung: \_\_\_\_ ! A. That's a good idea B. So so C. Congratulations D. You're welcome 6. - Ba: Why don't we go for a picnic on the weekend? - Hai: D. What a pity! A. See you again B. Not at all C. Great! 7. Nam doesn't mind speaking English with foreigners. A. practising B. to practise C. practised D. practise 8. She is busy all day, so she wants to buy a \_\_\_\_\_ A. machine washing B. machine wash C. washing machine D. wash machine 9. This is an book, so I have read it many times. C. interested A. interesting B. interest D. interestingly 10. The film itself is not good, \_\_\_\_\_ I like its music. C. or A. so B. but D. and 11. I want to meet , but they aren't at home. A. they B. theirs C. them D. their 12. She is of taking care of her children. A. tiring B. tired C. to tire D. tires 13. He usually goes to school to study. He is a B. school of boy A. boyschool C. boys of school D. schoolboy 14. - An: Would you mind closing the door? - Nam: \_ A. Yes, I'd love to B. You're welcome! C. No problem! D. Thank you! 15. - David: Shall we go out for a meal tonight? - Tom: C. Yes. That's great! D. I am free now. A. Yes, I'm fine. B. Bye, take care. 16. - Mai: Would you like to go to the English Club with me? - Lan: A. Sorry, I'm busy B. Nothing C. Fine, thanks D. Once a week 17. People enjoy \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_ sports when they have free time. B. played A. playing C. to play D. play 18. There was a small room into \_\_\_\_\_ we are all crowed. A. which B. where C. that D. it 19. Mrs. Ramsay was accustomed \_\_\_\_\_\_ in this rickety house. D. living C. are A. is B. was D. have 21. Last night when I \_\_\_\_\_ my homework. The lights \_\_\_\_\_ out. C. did – was going A. was doing - go B. did - went D. was doing – went 22. I often go to the school \_\_\_\_\_\_ to borrow books in my free time. A. library B. room C. yard D. class 23. It rained heavily, \_\_\_\_\_ I couldn't come to see you yesterday. B. but C. and A. because D. so

24. Mary with her friend in an ap		
A. is living B. has lived		
25. Yesterday I was ill so they took me to		
A. which B. where	C. that	D. in which
26. The woman was not very	/ polite.	
A. who I spoke to B. to who I spol		D. I spoke to whom
27. My friend Jack, parents	—	—
Scotland.	C ·	L
A. that B. who	C. whose	D. which
28 he was sick, he still turne		
A. Because B. Since		
29. We have just been told some		2.2.03pm
A surprised B surprise	<u> </u>	D astonishing
A. surprised B. surprise 30 Nam: "What a lovely hat you have!"	- Lan: "Thanks	"
A. I'm glad you like it B. I don't care	C that's $OK$	 Dcertainly
31. I about him when sudde		D. certainty
	•	
A. talk - come	B. talked - came	
C. am talking - come	D. was talking - ca	ime
32 John: "How's your class this term? "		1 - 1. 1 - 11 - 11 - 11 - 11 - 11 - 11
- Susan: "Great. I have seventeen stud	ents, most of spe	eak English very well."
A. who B. whom 33 Tom: "I don't like hunting."	C. those	D. which
33 Tom: "I don't like hunting."	- Peter: "	
A. Either do I B.I do, too		
34. While they were tables, I		
A. arranging - listening to	B. arranging - hear	ring
C. laying - listening to		D. making - hearing
35. If you want to learn how to knit or wo	ork with wood, you should	l buy a book.
A. novel B. comic	C. science	D. craft
36. After Mary her degree, she	intends to work in her fath	ner's company.
A. will finish B. is finishing	C. finishes	D. will have finished
37 Nam: "Write to me when you get ho		
A. I must B. I should		D. I can
38. A football fan is has a strong	g interest in football.	
A. a thing that B. something th		D. what
39. The negative effect of cigarette sm		
smoke.	6	
A. but B. so	C. therefore	D. however
40. Books that give facts about real events		
		D. romance
41. Emily is motivated to study		
life.	she knows that a good et	ideation can improve her
	C because	D. so
A. therefore B. because of		
42. Joe seemed to be in a good mood,	ne snapped at me ang	grify when I asked min to
join us.		
	C. for	D. and
43. Some people really enjoy swimming	others are atraid	or water.
A. while B. or	1	D. in spite of
44. When he, he will tell us about		
A. arrives B. will arrive	C. arrive	D. is arrive

45. The firemen have been examining the grou		
A. since B. for	C. ago	D. by
46. The girls and flowers he painted w	vere vivid.	
A. who B. which		D. that
47. He's a His first play was perform	ned in a very small the	atre.
A. writer B. playwright	-	
48. My father sometimes the washing		
A. washes B. does		D takes
49. Peter usually helps his mother with the		D. tukes
A. housework B. homework	Caboras	D household
50. Mr. Gia Vien is at the market. Right now h	$e \_\_\_$ at the apples	s. They Itesh.
A. look - look C. is looking - are looking	B. has been looking	- looked
C. is looking - are looking	D. 1s looking - look	
51 Nam: "Would you mind if I smoke?"		
A. Never mind B. Yes, please don't		—
52 aspects of learning English do y		
A. What B. Where	C. When	D. Why
53. Do you agree that a happy marriage should	be based lo	ove?
A. for B. on		
54. Mary in London for 15 years.		
A. is living B. was living	C. lives	D. has lived
55. He went to the cinema he had do	one his homework	
A. before B. until	C by the time	D after
56. The Vietnamese participants always tak		
enthusiasm.	c part sp	ons events with great
enunusiasin.		
	C at	D to
A. in B. on		D. to
A. in B. on 57. Working for 12 hours a day her	very tired.	
A. inB. on57. Working for 12 hours a day herA. makesB. made	very tired. C. make	D. to D. making
A. inB. on57. Working for 12 hours a day herA. makesB. made58. Jane didn't go this morning. She	very tired. C. make was at home.	D. making
A. inB. on57. Working for 12 hours a day herA. makesB. made58. Jane didn't go this morning. SheA. somewhereB. anywhere	very tired. C. make was at home. C. no where	D. making
A. inB. on57. Working for 12 hours a day herA. makesB. made58. Jane didn't go this morning. She	very tired. C. make was at home. C. no where	D. making
A. inB. on57. Working for 12 hours a day herA. makesB. made58. Jane didn't go this morning. SheA. somewhereB. anywhere	very tired. C. make was at home. C. no where	D. making
A. inB. on57. Working for 12 hours a day her A. makesher B. made58. Jane didn't go this morning. She A. somewhereb. anywhere59. John started his current job Octob A. atb. to	very tired. C. make was at home. C. no where per 10. C. in	D. making D. someplace D. on
A. inB. on57. Working for 12 hours a day her A. makesher B. made58. Jane didn't go this morning. She A. somewhereB. anywhere59. John started his current job Octob	very tired. C. make was at home. C. no where per 10.	D. making D. someplace D. on
A. inB. on57. Working for 12 hours a day her A. makesb. made58. Jane didn't go this morning. She A. somewhereb. made59. John started his current job Octob A. atcurrent job Octob B. to60 Mary: "Where is the library?" A. inb. on	very tired. C. make was at home. C. no where per 10. C. in - Tom: "It is	D. making D. someplace D. on your right".
A. inB. on57. Working for 12 hours a day her A. makesbe a day her B. made58. Jane didn't go this morning. She A. somewherebe anywhere59. John started his current job Octob A. atcurrent job Octob B. to60 Mary: "Where is the library?" A. inbe anywhere61. Mary in London for 15 years.	very tired. C. make was at home. C. no where per 10. C. in - Tom: "It is C. at	D. making D. someplace D. on your right". D. by
A. inB. on57. Working for 12 hours a day her A. makesb. made58. Jane didn't go this morning. She A. somewhereb. made59. John started his current job Octob A. atcurrent job Octob Octob A. at60 Mary: "Where is the library?" A. inb. on61. Mary in London for 15 years. A. livesb. was living	very tired. C. make was at home. C. no where per 10. C. in - Tom: "It is	D. making D. someplace D. on your right".
A. inB. on57. Working for 12 hours a day her A. makesb. made58. Jane didn't go this morning. She A. somewhereb. made59. John started his current job Octob A. atconstant of this morning. She Description of this morning. She B. anywhere59. John started his current job Octob A. atconstant of this morning. She Description of this morning. She B. anywhere59. John started his current job Octob A. atconstant of this morning. She Description of this morning. She B. anywhere60 Mary: "Where is the library?" A. inB. to61. Mary in London for 15 years. A. livesB. was living62. French in Quebec, Canada.	very tired. C. make was at home. C. no where per 10. C. in - Tom: "It is C. at C. has lived	D. making D. someplace D. on your right". D. by D. is living
A. inB. on57. Working for 12 hours a day her A. makesb. made58. Jane didn't go this morning. She A. somewhereb. made59. John started his current job Octob A. atconstant of this morning. She Description Octob A. at60 Mary: "Where is the library?" A. inb. to61. Mary in London for 15 years. A. livesb. was living62. French in Quebec, Canada. A. has spokenb. is speaking	very tired. C. make was at home. C. no where per 10. C. in - Tom: "It is C. at C. has lived C. speaks	D. making D. someplace D. on your right". D. by
A. inB. on57. Working for 12 hours a day her A. makesb. made58. Jane didn't go this morning. She A. somewhereb. made59. John started his current job Octob A. atcontrol60 Mary: "Where is the library?" A. inb. to61. Mary in London for 15 years. A. livesb. was living62. French in Quebec, Canada. A. has spokenb. is speaking63 Dora: "What's your name?"	very tired. C. make was at home. C. no where per 10. C. in - Tom: "It is C. at C. has lived C. speaks - Helen: ""	D. making D. someplace D. on your right". D. by D. is living D. is spoken
A. inB. on57. Working for 12 hours a day her A. makesb. made58. Jane didn't go this morning. She A. somewhereb. made59. John started his current job Octob A. atconstant of this morning. She Description Octob A. at60 Mary: "Where is the library?" A. inb. to61. Mary in London for 15 years. A. livesb. was living62. French in Quebec, Canada. A. has spokenb. is speaking	very tired. C. make was at home. C. no where per 10. C. in - Tom: "It is C. at C. has lived C. speaks - Helen: ""	D. making D. someplace D. on your right". D. by D. is living D. is spoken
A. inB. on57. Working for 12 hours a day her A. makesb. made58. Jane didn't go this morning. She A. somewhereb. made59. John started his current job Octob A. atcotob B. anywhere59. John started his current job Octob A. atcotob B. anywhere60 Mary: "Where is the library?" A. inB. on61. Mary in London for 15 years. A. livesB. was living62. French in Quebec, Canada. A. has spokenB. is speaking63 Dora: "What's your name?" A. OKB. Pardon?	very tired. C. make was at home. C. no where per 10. C. in - Tom: "It is C. at C. has lived C. speaks - Helen: "" C. Forgive me.	D. making D. someplace D. on your right". D. by D. is living D. is spoken D. Really?
A. inB. on57. Working for 12 hours a day her A. makesb. made58. Jane didn't go this morning. She A. somewhereb. made58. Jane didn't go this morning. She A. somewhereb. made59. John started his current job Octob A. atc. mage for this morning. She B. anywhere59. John started his current job Octob A. atc. mage for this morning. She B. anywhere59. John started his current job Octob A. atc. mage for this morning. She B. anywhere60 Mary: "Where is the library?" A. inb. to61. Mary in London for 15 years. A. livesb. was living62. French in Quebec, Canada. A. has spokenb. is speaking63 Dora: "What's your name?" A. OKb. Pardon?64. This house, he bought in 1990, is b	very tired. C. make was at home. C. no where per 10. C. in - Tom: "It is C. at C. has lived C. speaks - Helen: "" C. Forgive me. eing repaired at the m	D. making D. someplace D. on your right". D. by D. is living D. is spoken D. Really?
A. inB. on57. Working for 12 hours a day her A. makesb. made58. Jane didn't go this morning. She A. somewhereb. made58. Jane didn't go this morning. She A. somewhereb. made59. John started his current job Octob A. atcotob B. anywhere59. John started his current job Octob A. atcotob B. anywhere60 Mary: "Where is the library?" A. inb. to61. Mary in London for 15 years. A. livesb. was living62. French in Quebec, Canada. A. has spokenb. is speaking63 Dora: "What's your name?" A. OKb. Pardon?64. This house, he bought in 1990, is b A. thatb. which	very tired. C. make was at home. C. no where per 10. C. in - Tom: "It is C. at C. has lived C. speaks - Helen: "" C. Forgive me.	D. making D. someplace D. on your right". D. by D. is living D. is spoken D. Really?
A. inB. on57. Working for 12 hours a day her A. makesb. made58. Jane didn't go this morning. She A. somewhereb. made59. John started his current job Octob A. atcotob B. anywhere59. John started his current job Octob A. atcotob B. anywhere60 Mary: "Where is the library?" A. inB. on61. Mary in London for 15 years. A. livesB. was living62. French in Quebec, Canada. A. has spokenB. is speaking63 Dora: "What's your name?" A. OKB. Pardon?64. This house, he bought in 1990, is b A. thatB. which65. The Second World War in 1939.	very tired. C. make was at home. C. no where per 10. C. in - Tom: "It is C. at C. has lived C. speaks - Helen: "" C. Forgive me. eing repaired at the m C. what	D. making D. someplace D. on your right". D. by D. is living D. is spoken D. Really? oment. D. who
A. inB. on57. Working for 12 hours a day her A. makesb. made58. Jane didn't go this morning. She A. somewhereb. made59. John started his current job Octob A. atcotob B. anywhere59. John started his current job Octob A. atcotob B. anywhere60 Mary: "Where is the library?" A. inB. on61. Mary in London for 15 years. A. livesB. was living62. French in Quebec, Canada. A. has spokenB. is speaking63 Dora: "What's your name?" A. OKB. Pardon?64. This house, he bought in 1990, is b A. thatB. which65. The Second World War in 1939. A. startB. started	very tired. C. make was at home. C. no where per 10. C. in - Tom: "It is C. at C. has lived C. speaks - Helen: "" C. Forgive me. eing repaired at the m C. what C. has started	D. making D. someplace D. on your right". D. by D. is living D. is spoken D. Really? oment. D. who D. starts
A. inB. on57. Working for 12 hours a day herA. makesB. made58. Jane didn't go this morning. SheA. somewhereB. anywhere59. John started his current job OctolA. atB. to60 Mary: "Where is the library?"A. inB. on61. Mary in London for 15 years.A. livesB. was living62. French in Quebec, Canada.A. has spokenB. is speaking63 Dora: "What's your name?"A. OKB. Pardon?64. This house, he bought in 1990, is bA. thatB. which65. The Second World War in 1939.A. startB. started66. In our school library, there are several large	very tired. C. make was at home. C. no where per 10. C. in - Tom: "It is C. at C. has lived C. speaks - Helen: "" C. Forgive me. eing repaired at the m C. what C. has started e tables we car	D. making D. someplace D. on your right". D. by D. is living D. is spoken D. Really? oment. D. who D. starts
A. inB. on57. Working for 12 hours a day her A. makesb. made58. Jane didn't go this morning. She A. somewhereb. made59. John started his current job Octob A. atcotob B. anywhere59. John started his current job Octob A. atcotob B. anywhere60 Mary: "Where is the library?" A. inB. on61. Mary in London for 15 years. A. livesB. was living62. French in Quebec, Canada. A. has spokenB. is speaking63 Dora: "What's your name?" A. OKB. Pardon?64. This house, he bought in 1990, is b A. thatB. which65. The Second World War in 1939. A. startB. started	very tired. C. make was at home. C. no where per 10. C. in - Tom: "It is C. at C. has lived C. speaks - Helen: "" C. Forgive me. eing repaired at the m C. what C. has started e tables we car	D. making D. someplace D. on your right". D. by D. is living D. is spoken D. Really? oment. D. who D. starts
A. inB. on57. Working for 12 hours a day her A. makesher B. made58. Jane didn't go this morning. She A. somewhereb. made59. John started his current job Octob A. atb. anywhere59. John started his current job Octob A. atb. to60 Mary: "Where is the library?" A. inb. to61. Mary in London for 15 years. A. livesb. was living62. French in Quebec, Canada. A. has spokenb. is speaking63 Dora: "What's your name?" A. OKb. Pardon?64. This house, he bought in 1990, is b A. thatb. which65. The Second World War in 1939. A. startb. started66. In our school library, there are several larg A. thatb. which	very tired. C. make was at home. C. no where per 10. C. in - Tom: "It is C. at C. has lived C. speaks - Helen: "" C. Forgive me. eing repaired at the m C. what C. has started re tables we car C. where	D. making D. someplace D. on your right". D. by D. is living D. is spoken D. Really? oment. D. who D. starts
A. inB. on57. Working for 12 hours a day herA. makesB. made58. Jane didn't go this morning. SheA. somewhereB. anywhere59. John started his current job OctolA. atB. to60 Mary: "Where is the library?"A. inB. on61. Mary in London for 15 years.A. livesB. was living62. French in Quebec, Canada.A. has spokenB. is speaking63 Dora: "What's your name?"A. OKB. Pardon?64. This house, he bought in 1990, is bA. thatB. which65. The Second World War in 1939.A. startB. started66. In our school library, there are several large	very tired. C. make was at home. C. no where per 10. C. in - Tom: "It is C. at C. has lived C. speaks - Helen: "" C. Forgive me. eing repaired at the m C. what C. has started re tables we car C. where is is my first	D. making D. someplace D. on your right". D. by D. is living D. is spoken D. Really? oment. D. who D. starts

68. Don't read that book.	It's		
A. boredom		C. boring	D. bore
69. There are plan			
A. so many	B. so	C. so much	D. such
70. There is water			
A. few	B. many	C. a little	D. a number of
71. The house caught fi		<b>a</b> 1 ·	
A. sleep			D. have slept
72. I don't mindy			D 1 1 '
A. to help		_	D. helping
73. The librarian told us			
A. take	-	C. to take	D. took
74. Peter at the n A. worked			D. works
	•		D. WOIKS
75. Could you r A. say	B. show	_	D. explain
·			D. explain
76. Many Vietnamese pe A. about	-	C. with	D. of
		C. with	D. 01
77. Thank you for A. inviting		C. invitation	D. invite
78. That's the house		C. Invitation	D. mvite
A. of which		C in which	D which
79 Brenda: "Do you th			
-			
A. I hope not	B. I don't hope	C. I don't hope so	D. It's hopeless
<ul><li>A. I hope not</li><li>80. Yesterday was the da</li><li>A. when</li></ul>	B. I don't hope y they celebra B. which	C. I don't hope so ated their 21st weddi C. what	D. It's hopeless ng anniversary. D. then
<ul><li>A. I hope not</li><li>80. Yesterday was the da</li><li>A. when</li></ul>	B. I don't hope y they celebra B. which	C. I don't hope so ated their 21st weddi C. what	D. It's hopeless ng anniversary. D. then
<ul> <li>A. I hope not</li> <li>80. Yesterday was the da</li> <li>A. when</li> <li>81. Primary education is</li> <li>A. to</li> </ul>	B. I don't hope y they celebra B. which a stage of study B. in	C. I don't hope so ated their 21st weddi C. what children aged C. for	D. It's hopeless ng anniversary. D. then from 5 to 11 years old. D. with
<ul> <li>A. I hope not</li> <li>80. Yesterday was the da</li> <li>A. when</li> <li>81. Primary education is</li> <li>A. to</li> <li>82 I moved in</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>B. I don't hope</li> <li>y they celebrate</li> <li>B. which</li> <li>a stage of study</li> <li>B. in</li> <li>a my new apartment, r</li> </ul>	C. I don't hope so ated their 21st weddi C. what children aged C. for ny neighbours have c	<ul> <li>D. It's hopeless</li> <li>ng anniversary.</li> <li>D. then</li> <li>from 5 to 11 years old.</li> <li>D. with</li> <li>come to my house twice.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>A. I hope not</li> <li>80. Yesterday was the da</li> <li>A. when</li> <li>81. Primary education is</li> <li>A. to</li> <li>82 I moved in</li> <li>A. Because</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>B. I don't hope</li> <li>y they celebra</li> <li>B. which</li> <li>a stage of study</li> <li>B. in</li> <li>my new apartment, r</li> <li>B. After</li> </ul>	C. I don't hope so ated their 21st weddi C. what children aged C. for ny neighbours have c C. Since	D. It's hopeless ng anniversary. D. then from 5 to 11 years old. D. with come to my house twice. D. When
<ul> <li>A. I hope not</li> <li>80. Yesterday was the data</li> <li>A. when</li> <li>81. Primary education is</li> <li>A. to</li> <li>82 I moved in</li> <li>A. Because</li> <li>83. To Americans, it is in</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>B. I don't hope</li> <li>y they celebra</li> <li>B. which</li> <li>a stage of study</li> <li>B. in</li> <li>my new apartment, r</li> <li>B. After</li> <li>npolite to ask someon</li> </ul>	C. I don't hope so ated their 21st weddin C. what children aged C. for ny neighbours have o C. Since ne about age,	D. It's hopeless ng anniversary. D. then from 5 to 11 years old. D. with come to my house twice. D. When and salary.
<ul> <li>A. I hope not</li> <li>80. Yesterday was the data</li> <li>A. when</li> <li>81. Primary education is</li> <li>A. to</li> <li>82 I moved in</li> <li>A. Because</li> <li>83. To Americans, it is in</li> <li>A. marry</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>B. I don't hope</li> <li>y they celebra</li> <li>B. which</li> <li>a stage of study</li> <li>B. in</li> <li>my new apartment, r</li> <li>B. After</li> <li>npolite to ask someon</li> <li>B. married</li> </ul>	C. I don't hope so ated their 21st weddi C. what children aged C. for ny neighbours have o C. Since the about age, C. marrying	D. It's hopeless ng anniversary. D. then from 5 to 11 years old. D. with come to my house twice. D. When and salary. D. marriage
<ul> <li>A. I hope not</li> <li>80. Yesterday was the data</li> <li>A. when</li> <li>81. Primary education is</li> <li>A. to</li> <li>82 I moved in</li> <li>A. Because</li> <li>83. To Americans, it is in</li> <li>A. marry</li> <li>84. He went to the cinematical structures</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>B. I don't hope</li> <li>y they celebra</li> <li>B. which</li> <li>a stage of study</li> <li>B. in</li> <li>my new apartment, r</li> <li>B. After</li> <li>mpolite to ask someon</li> <li>B. married</li> <li>a he had do</li> </ul>	C. I don't hope so ated their 21st weddi C. what children aged C. for ny neighbours have o C. Since the about age, C. marrying one his homework.	<ul> <li>D. It's hopeless</li> <li>ng anniversary.</li> <li>D. then</li> <li>from 5 to 11 years old.</li> <li>D. with</li> <li>come to my house twice.</li> <li>D. When</li> <li>and salary.</li> <li>D. marriage</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>A. I hope not</li> <li>80. Yesterday was the data A. when</li> <li>81. Primary education is A. to</li> <li>82 I moved in A. Because</li> <li>83. To Americans, it is in A. marry</li> <li>84. He went to the cinema A. until</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>B. I don't hope</li> <li>y they celebra</li> <li>B. which</li> <li>a stage of study</li> <li>B. in</li> <li>my new apartment, r</li> <li>B. After</li> <li>npolite to ask someon</li> <li>B. married</li> <li>a he had do</li> <li>B. by the time</li> </ul>	C. I don't hope so ated their 21st weddi C. what children aged C. for ny neighbours have o C. Since ne about age, C. marrying one his homework. C. after	<ul> <li>D. It's hopeless</li> <li>ng anniversary.</li> <li>D. then</li> <li>from 5 to 11 years old.</li> <li>D. with</li> <li>come to my house twice.</li> <li>D. When</li> <li>and salary.</li> <li>D. marriage</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>A. I hope not</li> <li>80. Yesterday was the data</li> <li>A. when</li> <li>81. Primary education is</li> <li>A. to</li> <li>82 I moved in</li> <li>A. Because</li> <li>83. To Americans, it is in</li> <li>A. marry</li> <li>84. He went to the cinema</li> <li>A. until</li> <li>85. When we came to the</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>B. I don't hope</li> <li>y they celebra</li> <li>B. which</li> <li>a stage of study</li> <li>B. in</li> <li>my new apartment, r</li> <li>B. After</li> <li>mpolite to ask someon</li> <li>B. married</li> <li>a he had do</li> <li>B. by the time</li> <li>eir house, they</li> </ul>	C. I don't hope so ated their 21st weddin C. what children aged C. for my neighbours have of C. Since the about age, C. marrying one his homework. C. after chess.	<ul> <li>D. It's hopeless</li> <li>ng anniversary.</li> <li>D. then</li> <li>from 5 to 11 years old.</li> <li>D. with</li> <li>come to my house twice.</li> <li>D. When</li> <li>and salary.</li> <li>D. marriage</li> <li>D. before</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>A. I hope not</li> <li>80. Yesterday was the data</li> <li>A. when</li> <li>81. Primary education is</li> <li>A. to</li> <li>82 I moved in</li> <li>A. Because</li> <li>83. To Americans, it is in</li> <li>A. marry</li> <li>84. He went to the cinema</li> <li>A. until</li> <li>85. When we came to the</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>B. I don't hope</li> <li>y they celebra</li> <li>B. which</li> <li>a stage of study</li> <li>B. in</li> <li>my new apartment, r</li> <li>B. After</li> <li>npolite to ask someon</li> <li>B. married</li> <li>a he had do</li> <li>B. by the time</li> <li>eir house, they</li> <li>B. are playing</li> </ul>	C. I don't hope so ated their 21st weddin C. what children aged C. for my neighbours have of C. Since the about age, C. marrying one his homework. C. after chess. C. were playing	<ul> <li>D. It's hopeless</li> <li>ng anniversary.</li> <li>D. then</li> <li>from 5 to 11 years old.</li> <li>D. with</li> <li>come to my house twice.</li> <li>D. When</li> <li>and salary.</li> <li>D. marriage</li> <li>D. before</li> <li>D. have been playing</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>A. I hope not</li> <li>80. Yesterday was the data A. when</li> <li>81. Primary education is A. to</li> <li>82 I moved in A. Because</li> <li>83. To Americans, it is in A. marry</li> <li>84. He went to the cinema A. until</li> <li>85. When we came to the A. played</li> <li>86. Few Asian student husbands should share all</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>B. I don't hope</li> <li>y they celebra</li> <li>B. which</li> <li>a stage of study</li> <li>B. in</li> <li>my new apartment, r</li> <li>B. After</li> <li>npolite to ask someon</li> <li>B. married</li> <li>a he had do</li> <li>B. by the time</li> <li>eir house, they</li> <li>B. are playing</li> <li>s agreed the</li> </ul>	C. I don't hope so ated their 21st weddin C. what children aged C. for my neighbours have of C. Since the about age, C. marrying one his homework. C. after chess. C. were playing the American students	<ul> <li>D. It's hopeless</li> <li>ng anniversary.</li> <li>D. then</li> <li>from 5 to 11 years old.</li> <li>D. with</li> <li>come to my house twice.</li> <li>D. When</li> <li>and salary.</li> <li>D. marriage</li> <li>D. before</li> <li>D. have been playing</li> <li>s' view that wives and</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>A. I hope not</li> <li>80. Yesterday was the data A. when</li> <li>81. Primary education is A. to</li> <li>82 I moved in A. Because</li> <li>83. To Americans, it is in A. marry</li> <li>84. He went to the cinema A. until</li> <li>85. When we came to the A. played</li> <li>86. Few Asian student husbands should share all A. on</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>B. I don't hope</li> <li>y they celebra</li> <li>B. which</li> <li>a stage of study</li> <li>B. in</li> <li>my new apartment, r</li> <li>B. After</li> <li>mpolite to ask someon</li> <li>B. married</li> <li>a he had do</li> <li>B. by the time</li> <li>eir house, they</li> <li>B. are playing</li> <li>s agreed the</li> <li>thoughts.</li> <li>B. for</li> </ul>	C. I don't hope so ated their 21st weddin C. what children aged C. for my neighbours have of C. Since the about age, C. marrying one his homework. C. after chess. C. were playing the American students C. to	<ul> <li>D. It's hopeless</li> <li>ng anniversary.</li> <li>D. then</li> <li>from 5 to 11 years old.</li> <li>D. with</li> <li>come to my house twice.</li> <li>D. When</li> <li>and salary.</li> <li>D. marriage</li> <li>D. before</li> <li>D. have been playing</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>A. I hope not</li> <li>80. Yesterday was the data A. when</li> <li>81. Primary education is A. to</li> <li>82 I moved in A. Because</li> <li>83. To Americans, it is in A. marry</li> <li>84. He went to the cinema A. until</li> <li>85. When we came to the A. played</li> <li>86. Few Asian student husbands should share all A. on</li> <li>87. The way to a</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>B. I don't hope</li> <li>y they celebra</li> <li>B. which</li> <li>a stage of study</li> <li>B. in</li> <li>my new apartment, r</li> <li>B. After</li> <li>npolite to ask someon</li> <li>B. married</li> <li>a he had do</li> <li>B. by the time</li> <li>eir house, they</li> <li>B. are playing</li> <li>s agreed the</li> <li>thoughts.</li> <li>B. for</li> <li>pologize is to say "I'n</li> </ul>	C. I don't hope so ated their 21st weddi C. what children aged C. for ny neighbours have o C. Since the about age, C. marrying one his homework. C. after chess. C. were playing the American students C. to n sorry."	<ul> <li>D. It's hopeless</li> <li>ng anniversary.</li> <li>D. then</li> <li>from 5 to 11 years old.</li> <li>D. with</li> <li>come to my house twice.</li> <li>D. When</li> <li>and salary.</li> <li>D. marriage</li> <li>D. before</li> <li>D. have been playing</li> <li>s' view that wives and</li> <li>D. with</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>A. I hope not</li> <li>80. Yesterday was the data A. when</li> <li>81. Primary education is A. to</li> <li>82 I moved in A. Because</li> <li>83. To Americans, it is in A. marry</li> <li>84. He went to the cinema A. until</li> <li>85. When we came to the A. played</li> <li>86. Few Asian student husbands should share all A. on</li> <li>87. The way to a A. more simpler</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>B. I don't hope</li> <li>y they celebra</li> <li>B. which</li> <li>a stage of study</li> <li>B. in</li> <li>my new apartment, r</li> <li>B. After</li> <li>mpolite to ask someon</li> <li>B. married</li> <li>a he had do</li> <li>B. by the time</li> <li>bit house, they</li> <li>B. are playing</li> <li>s agreed the</li> <li>thoughts.</li> <li>B. for</li> <li>pologize is to say "I'n</li> <li>B. most simple</li> </ul>	C. I don't hope so ated their 21st weddi C. what children aged C. for my neighbours have o C. Since the about age, C. marrying one his homework. C. after chess. C. were playing the American students C. to n sorry." C. simpler	<ul> <li>D. It's hopeless</li> <li>ng anniversary.</li> <li>D. then</li> <li>from 5 to 11 years old.</li> <li>D. with</li> <li>come to my house twice.</li> <li>D. When</li> <li>and salary.</li> <li>D. marriage</li> <li>D. before</li> <li>D. have been playing</li> <li>s' view that wives and</li> <li>D. with</li> <li>D. simplest</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>A. I hope not</li> <li>80. Yesterday was the data A. when</li> <li>81. Primary education is A. to</li> <li>82 I moved in A. Because</li> <li>83. To Americans, it is in A. marry</li> <li>84. He went to the cinem A. until</li> <li>85. When we came to the A. played</li> <li>86. Few Asian student husbands should share all A. on</li> <li>87. The way to a A. more simpler</li> <li>88. The wedding day was</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>B. I don't hope</li> <li>y they celebra</li> <li>B. which</li> <li>a stage of study</li> <li>B. in</li> <li>my new apartment, r</li> <li>B. After</li> <li>npolite to ask someon</li> <li>B. married</li> <li>a he had do</li> <li>B. by the time</li> <li>bir house, they</li> <li>B. are playing</li> <li>s agreed the</li> <li>thoughts.</li> <li>B. for</li> <li>pologize is to say "I'n</li> <li>B. most simple</li> <li>s chosen by the</li> </ul>	C. I don't hope so ated their 21st weddi C. what children aged C. for my neighbours have o C. Since the about age, C. marrying one his homework. C. after chess. C. were playing the American students C. to n sorry." C. simpler the parents of the groot	<ul> <li>D. It's hopeless</li> <li>ng anniversary.</li> <li>D. then</li> <li>from 5 to 11 years old.</li> <li>D. with</li> <li>come to my house twice.</li> <li>D. When</li> <li>and salary.</li> <li>D. marriage</li> <li>D. before</li> <li>D. have been playing</li> <li>s' view that wives and</li> <li>D. with</li> <li>D. simplest</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>A. I hope not</li> <li>80. Yesterday was the data A. when</li> <li>81. Primary education is A. to</li> <li>82 I moved in A. Because</li> <li>83. To Americans, it is in A. marry</li> <li>84. He went to the cinem A. until</li> <li>85. When we came to the A. played</li> <li>86. Few Asian student husbands should share all A. on</li> <li>87. The way to a A. more simpler</li> <li>88. The wedding day was A. careless</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>B. I don't hope</li> <li>y they celebra</li> <li>B. which</li> <li>a stage of study</li> <li>B. in</li> <li>my new apartment, r</li> <li>B. After</li> <li>mpolite to ask someon</li> <li>B. married</li> <li>a he had do</li> <li>B. by the time</li> <li>bit house, they</li> <li>B. are playing</li> <li>s agreed the</li> <li>thoughts.</li> <li>B. for</li> <li>pologize is to say "I'n</li> <li>B. most simple</li> <li>s chosen by th</li> <li>B. carefully</li> </ul>	C. I don't hope so ated their 21st weddin C. what children aged C. for my neighbours have of C. Since the about age, C. marrying one his homework. C. after chess. C. were playing the American students C. to n sorry." C. simpler the parents of the groot C. careful	<ul> <li>D. It's hopeless</li> <li>ng anniversary.</li> <li>D. then</li> <li>from 5 to 11 years old.</li> <li>D. with</li> <li>come to my house twice.</li> <li>D. When</li> <li>and salary.</li> <li>D. marriage</li> <li>D. before</li> <li>D. have been playing</li> <li>s' view that wives and</li> <li>D. with</li> <li>D. simplest</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>A. I hope not</li> <li>80. Yesterday was the data A. when</li> <li>81. Primary education is A. to</li> <li>82 I moved in A. Because</li> <li>83. To Americans, it is in A. marry</li> <li>84. He went to the cinem A. until</li> <li>85. When we came to the A. played</li> <li>86. Few Asian student husbands should share all A. on</li> <li>87. The way to a A. more simpler</li> <li>88. The wedding day was A. careless</li> <li>89 at someon</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>B. I don't hope</li> <li>y they celebra</li> <li>B. which</li> <li>a stage of study</li> <li>B. in</li> <li>my new apartment, r</li> <li>B. After</li> <li>mpolite to ask someon</li> <li>B. married</li> <li>a he had do</li> <li>B. by the time</li> <li>eir house, they</li> <li>B. are playing</li> <li>s agreed the</li> <li>thoughts.</li> <li>B. for</li> <li>pologize is to say "I'n</li> <li>B. most simple</li> <li>s chosen by th</li> <li>B. carefully</li> <li>e is considered as rud</li> </ul>	C. I don't hope so ated their 21st weddin C. what children aged C. for my neighbours have of C. Since the about age, C. marrying one his homework. C. after chess. C. were playing the American students C. to n sorry." C. simpler the parents of the groot C. careful le.	<ul> <li>D. It's hopeless</li> <li>ng anniversary.</li> <li>D. then</li> <li>from 5 to 11 years old.</li> <li>D. with</li> <li>come to my house twice.</li> <li>D. When</li> <li>and salary.</li> <li>D. marriage</li> <li>D. before</li> <li>D. have been playing</li> <li>s' view that wives and</li> <li>D. with</li> <li>D. simplest</li> <li>m.</li> <li>D. carelessly</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>A. I hope not</li> <li>80. Yesterday was the data A. when</li> <li>81. Primary education is A. to</li> <li>82 I moved in A. Because</li> <li>83. To Americans, it is in A. marry</li> <li>84. He went to the cinem A. until</li> <li>85. When we came to the A. played</li> <li>86. Few Asian student husbands should share all A. on</li> <li>87. The way to a A. more simpler</li> <li>88. The wedding day was A. careless</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>B. I don't hope</li> <li>y they celebra</li> <li>B. which</li> <li>a stage of study</li> <li>B. in</li> <li>my new apartment, r</li> <li>B. After</li> <li>npolite to ask someon</li> <li>B. married</li> <li>a he had do</li> <li>B. by the time</li> <li>eir house, they</li> <li>B. are playing</li> <li>s agreed the</li> <li>thoughts.</li> <li>B. for</li> <li>pologize is to say "I'n</li> <li>B. most simple</li> <li>s chosen by th</li> <li>B. carefully</li> <li>te is considered as rud</li> <li>B. Looking</li> </ul>	C. I don't hope so ated their 21st weddin C. what children aged C. for ny neighbours have of C. Since the about age, C. marrying one his homework. C. after chess. C. were playing the American students C. to n sorry." C. simpler the parents of the groot C. careful le. C. Greeting	<ul> <li>D. It's hopeless</li> <li>ng anniversary.</li> <li>D. then</li> <li>from 5 to 11 years old.</li> <li>D. with</li> <li>come to my house twice.</li> <li>D. When</li> <li>and salary.</li> <li>D. marriage</li> <li>D. before</li> <li>D. have been playing</li> <li>s' view that wives and</li> <li>D. with</li> <li>D. simplest</li> <li>m.</li> <li>D. carelessly</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>A. I hope not</li> <li>80. Yesterday was the data A. when</li> <li>81. Primary education is A. to</li> <li>82 I moved in A. Because</li> <li>83. To Americans, it is in A. marry</li> <li>84. He went to the cinem A. until</li> <li>85. When we came to the A. played</li> <li>86. Few Asian student husbands should share all A. on</li> <li>87. The way to a A. more simpler</li> <li>88. The wedding day was A. careless</li> <li>89 at someon A. Pointing</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>B. I don't hope</li> <li>y they celebra</li> <li>B. which</li> <li>a stage of study</li> <li>B. in</li> <li>my new apartment, r</li> <li>B. After</li> <li>mpolite to ask someon</li> <li>B. married</li> <li>a he had do</li> <li>B. by the time</li> <li>bit house, they</li> <li>B. are playing</li> <li>s agreed the</li> <li>thoughts.</li> <li>B. for</li> <li>pologize is to say "I'n</li> <li>B. most simple</li> <li>s chosen by th</li> <li>B. carefully</li> <li>te is considered as rud</li> <li>B. Looking</li> <li>ietnam divide</li> </ul>	C. I don't hope so ated their 21st weddin C. what children aged C. for my neighbours have of C. Since the about age, C. marrying one his homework. C. after chess. C. were playing the American students C. to n sorry." C. simpler the parents of the groot C. careful le. C. Greeting	<ul> <li>D. It's hopeless</li> <li>ng anniversary.</li> <li>D. then</li> <li>from 5 to 11 years old.</li> <li>D. with</li> <li>come to my house twice.</li> <li>D. When</li> <li>and salary.</li> <li>D. marriage</li> <li>D. before</li> <li>D. have been playing</li> <li>s' view that wives and</li> <li>D. with</li> <li>D. simplest</li> <li>m.</li> <li>D. carelessly</li> </ul>

## Part 2. Read the passage and choose the best option A, B, C or D to complete each of the blanks.

#### Passage 1:

There are many ways of (1) \_\_\_\_\_ free time in Australia. Some people are fond of riding a sky-lift in Snowy Mountain or riding a surfboard in Queensland. Others love (2) \_\_\_\_\_ kangaroos and koalas in wild forests. My sister says she only enjoys watching Sydney (3) \_\_\_\_\_ the skywalk. But I myself like going to the Sydney Opera House where the great opera (4) \_\_\_\_\_ of the world can be heard. If you are (5) \_\_\_\_\_ with listening to the opera singing, there will always be at least two or three other shows to suit your taste.

1. A. spending	B. having	C. spend	D. have
2. A. watching	B. see	C. meet	D. watch
3. A. from	B. in	C. above	D. under
4. A. singers	B. singer	C. actors	D. actress
5. A. bored	B. tired	C. boring	D. tiring

#### Passage 2:

Language teaching within the education system in Australia has traditionally been concentrated at the secondary school (1) \_\_\_\_\_\_. However, many people argue that the (2) \_\_\_\_\_\_ age to commence language learning occurs in the early primary years or even in pre-school, when children are able to (3) \_\_\_\_\_\_ a language naturally with minimum interference from their mother tongue. Some suggest that early adolescence is in fact the worst time to begin to learn a language, given the psychological and (4) \_\_\_\_\_\_ problems many high school students face. It should be remembered, however, that many studies have shown that there is (5) \_\_\_\_\_\_ age at which one cannot learn a language. At 60 years, 70 years or 80 years you can still learn a language.

1. A. level	B. age	C. time	D. child
2. A. best	B. good	C. better	D. suitable
3. A. acquire	B. study	C. learn	D. get
4. A. emotional	B. emotion	C. good	D. best
5. A. no	B. an	C. a	D. best

### Passage 3:

It's quite rare to meet teenagers who don't like sports. When you are young, you know how (1)\_\_\_\_\_\_ it is to do physical exercise if you want to be healthy and strong, and for that reason you often concentrate on just one sport with so (2)\_\_\_\_\_\_ enthusiasm that in the end you can't live without it. The problem, though, that as you grow up you have less and less spare time. At your age, you have to study harder if you want to get good marks to go to university, with perhaps only one afternoon a week to do any sport. This happens just when you are at the best (3)\_\_\_\_\_\_ for many sports, such as gymnastics and swimming. By the time you finish all your studies, you will probably be too old to be really good at sports like those, but if you spend enough time on (4)\_\_\_\_\_\_ while you are young, then one day you will find that you are very good at your sport but too old to study, and you will find it (5)\_\_\_\_\_\_ to get a good job. Somehow, it doesn't seem fair.

1. A. important	B. necessary	C. essential	D. compulsory
2. A. much	B. many	C. few	D. little
3. A. age	B. old	C. year	D. time

4. A. training	B. doing	C. train	D. do
5. A. impossible	B. possilbe	C. necessary	D. unnecessary

#### Passage 4:

This true story is about a policeman in New York City who had a girlfriend he cared for very much. The policeman regarded New York City as a (1)\_\_\_\_\_\_ place. He warned his girlfriend about the danger of walking on the street alone after dark. But as he also believed in being prepared for the (2)\_\_\_\_\_\_, he bought a can of gas that would protect his girlfriend from attackers. The idea is (3)\_\_\_\_\_\_ you point the thing at your attacker and spray him with the gas, which knocks him over. On the day he bought the gas, the policeman and his girlfriend had arranged to (4)\_\_\_\_\_ out for the evening. So he was looking forward to giving her the can later on. When he got home from work, he had a bath and then sprayed some deodorant on (5)\_\_\_\_\_. He knew nothing more until he woke up in hospital the next day. He had picked up the wrong can and sprayed himself with the gas.

1. A. dangerous	B. danger	C. safe	D. safety
2. A. worst	B. bad	C. worse	D. wicked
3. A. that	B. this	C. from	D. over
4. A. go	B. going	C. come	D. coming
5. A. himself	B. him	C. itself	D. it

#### Passage 5:

Water is necessary for life. People can live only a few days (1)\_\_\_\_\_ it. Yet nearly 25 million people die each year because of it. Both industrial nations and developing countries are worried about the (2)\_\_\_\_\_ and quantity of water in the world.

Even though people, animals, agriculture, and industry use a lot of water, there is more than enough on the earth. Water covers about three-quarters of the Earth's surface. However, 97.4 percent of it is salt water. Three-fourths of the Earth's fresh water is frozen in glaciers and in the great polar ice caps. Most of the water we use (3)\_\_\_\_\_ from rivers, lakes, and the atmosphere. Less than one percent of the Earth's water is usable, and we use it over and over again.

One of the (4)\_\_\_\_\_ about water is distribution. Water is not always distributed where the large (5)\_\_\_\_\_ centers are. Some regions get enough rain. But it is all in one or two short rainy reasons.

1. A. without	B. with	C. from	D. but
2. A. quality	B. value	C. worth	D. purity
3. A. comes	B. come	C. takes	D. take
4. A. problems	B. problem	C. things	D. things
5. A. population	B. people	C. pollution	D. populated

#### Passage 6:

There are a lot of things you should follow to be a welcome guest in America. When you are (1) \_\_\_\_\_ to have dinner at your friend's house, it's necessary to bring a small present. Flowers are always nice; or you may (2)\_\_\_\_\_ a bottle of wine if you know that your friend likes drinking.

You are expected to arrive for dinner (3) \_\_\_\_\_ time or just a few minutes late. Don't get there early. If you are going to be more than fifteen minutes late, you should call and tell them.

Try to relax and enjoy yourself at the dinner table. If you don't know about choosing the right fork or knife, just watch the other people, and follow them. If you still have no idea of

(4) \_\_\_\_\_\_ to do, ask the person next to you. When it comes to the food, if you like it, say so. They are looking forward to hearing your compliments. Of course, you will thank them for the meal and for their kindness. It is also a good idea to send a (5) \_\_\_\_\_ note the day after.

1. A. invited	B. invite	C. welcome	D. welcomed
2. A. bring	B. bringing	C. take	D. taking
3. A. on	B. in	C. at	D. with
4. A. what	B. which	C. why	D. who
5. A. Thank-you	B. Thank you	C. Thank	D. Thanking

# Part 3. Read the passage and choose the best option A, B, C or D to answer the questions.

### Passage 1:

To many people, smoking is not only a pleasure but also an addiction. They need smoking, depend on it, and can hardly get rid of it. If they do not smoke for hours, they will feel a craving for a cigarette. They often chain-smoke that means they light one cigarette after another. Smoking is often considered anti-social because many people do not like the smell of cigarettes or the sight of the smoker's stained fingers and of ash-trays full of cigarette-ends. Above all, smoking is harmful to health. In many countries, they forbid to advertise cigarettes and a warning is printed every packet of cigarette that is "Smoking is bad for your health". Scientists have proved that there is a close link between smoking and lung diseases, such as cough and tuberculosis and the worst of all is a fatal cancer.

1. Smoking has a li	nk to		
A. cancer	B. tuberculosis	C. all are correct	D. cough
2. A smoker	·		-
A. do not depend	l on smoking		
B. depend on sm	oking and can hardly sto	p it	
C. can stop smol	king easily	•	
D. do not addict	to smoking		
3. In many countrie	S,		
A. all are correct		B. smoking is legal	
C. smoking is en	couraged	D. they forbid to ad	vertise cigarettes
4. People smoke	·	·	C
A. for pleasure o	nly	B. for addiction	
C. for fun	·	D. for pleasure and	addiction
5. A "chain-smoker	·" means		
A. one who rarel	y smokes		
B. one who light	s one cigarette after anot	her	

- C. one who hates smoking
- D. one who never smokes

### Passage 2:

The White House, the official home of the United States President, was not built in time for George Washington to live in it. It was begun in 1792 and was ready for its first inhabitants, President and Mrs. John Adams, in 1800. When the Adamses moved in, the White House was not yet complete, and the Adamses suffered many inconveniences. Thomas Jefferson, the third president, improved the comfort of the White House in many respects and added new architectural features such as the terraces on the east and west ends. When British forces burned the White House on August 24, 1814, President Madison was forced to leave, and it was not until 1817 that then President James Monroe was able to return to a rebuilt residence. Since then, the White House has been occupied by each U.S. President.

#### 1. Which of the following would be an appropriate title for this passage?

A. George Washington's Life in the White House

- B. The Burning of the White House
- C. The early History of the White House
- D. Presidential Policies of Early U.S Presidents
- 2. Why did George Washington NOT live in the White House?

A. It had been burned by the British

B. He didn't like the architectural features.

C. He did not want to suffer the inconvenience that the Adamses had suffered

D. Construction had not yet been completed.

3. It can be inferred from the passage that John Adams was\_\_\_\_\_.

A. the first president of the United States.

B. the second president of the United States.

C. the third president of the United States.

D. the fourth president of the United States.

4. According to the passage, which of the following best describes Thomas Jefferson's tenure in the White House?

A. He had to flee the White House because of the war with the British

B. Ha was accepting of the many inconveniences

C. He removed the terraces that had been added by Adams.

D. He worked to improve the appearance and convenience of the White House.

5. According to the passage, when James Monroe came back to the White House, it had been \_\_\_\_\_.

A. repressed B. reconstructed C. relocated D. reserved

#### Passage 3:

The first few days after getting home from college were okay but then I began to feel rather bored and lonely. My parents were busy working and most of my friends were either away on holiday or else had holiday jobs. I had tried to get a job myself but without success. I was beginning to wish I had not come when I saw an advertisement for holiday courses in the local newspaper.

For a small fee, you could try lots of different activities organized by town's youth club. Each activity lasted half a day. I had not expected the courses very interesting but they were excellent. I also met new people as many of the tourists staying in the town joined in. You could do things like painting, a play-writing or computing. I met some students from Bulgaria who invited visit their country next year. You can imagine how excited I am, in fact it was one of the best summer holidays I've ever had!

1. What is the writer trying to do in the passage?

A. to describe a holiday in the country

B. to explain how she spent a holiday.

C. to describe her new holiday home

D. to explain why she couldn't go on holiday

2. Why would somebody read the passage?

A. to find out about holiday courses B.

B. to discover the writer's news

C. to make contact with Bulgarian students D. to read about the advertisements

3. How did the writer feel when she arrived home?

A. She was pleased to have time to herself. B. She felt nervous about being alone.

C. She was delighted to see her friends. D. She almost regretted coming back.

4. Why is the writer looking forward to next year?

- A. There will be new holiday courses.
- B. She has found a holiday course.D. Her friends will visit her.

C. She is planning to go to Bulgaria.

5. Which of these advertisements did the writer see?

A. A week's free course on an activity of your own choice. Open to visitors and residents alike. Name your course and you can spend a week enjoying yourself.

B. Join a holiday course! We are offering half-day courses in a variety of water sports. During the summer holiday period all courses are half price.

C. Throughout the summer holiday we are offering cheaper entry to the town's sports and leisure facilities. Special low prices for tourists. Don't miss this opportunity!

D. We welcome everyone to join in our holiday program. A wide range of sports and activities is available a morning or afternoon timetable.

#### Passage 4:

New York City is located in the southeastern part of New York State. The city was found by the Dutch in 1624. At first it was called Fort Amsterdam, and then New Amsterdam. In 1664, the English took over the city and renamed it New York. With the population of more than 7 million in the city and 19 million in the metropolitan region, New York is the largest city in the United States. It is divided into five parts, which are Manhattan, the Bronx, Brooklyn, Queens, and Staten Island. The total area of these parts is 946 square kilometers. Visitors to New York are all attracted by places such as the Statue of Liberty, the Empire State Building, Wall Street, and Broadway theater district. New York is also where tourists can visit some world famous art galleries and museums.

1. Where is New York Ci	ity?		
A. in the south of Ne	w York State	B. in the southeast of New York State	
C. in the east of New	York State	D. in the north of New	w York State
2. What was the city call	ed at first?		
A. Fort Amsterdam	B. New York	C. New Amsterdam	D. New York City
3. What is its population	?		
A. seven million	B. nineteen million	C. twenty-six million	D. ninety million
4. How many parts are the	here in the city?		
A. four	B. five	C. six	D. seven
5. What can tourists also	o visit in New York ?		
A. Statue of Liberty		B. art galleries and m	useums
C. art galleries		D. museums	

#### Passage 5:

After spending a day at the beach, I stopped to buy a snack on my way home. But when I reached for my wallet, it wasn't there. I checked my other pockets and the car and then headed back to look at the beach. My driver's license, my ID card - my mind was racing through all the things I had lost and I felt rotten. A search of the beach and parking lot proved fruitless, so I headed home. I tried to forget it because there was nothing I could do, but I was mad at myself for losing it. After dinner, when I was watching TV and trying to forget, the phone rang and a voice asked: "Did you lose a wallet? I found it on the beach". What a great feeling that gave me - not only for my luck, but also for my faith in all humanity.

1. How much time did the writer spend on the beach?					
	A. Two days	B. A day and a half	C. A day	D. Three days	
2.	What did he lose?				
	A. his car	B. his wallet	C. his key	D. his snack	
3.	3. How did he feel when he knew that he lost his driver's license and ID card?				
	A. He felt happy		B. He felt unhappy	C. He felt angry	
	D. He felt excited				
4.	Where did he go after s	earching the beach a	nd the parking lot an	id finding nothing?	
	A. He went to the police station.		B. He went to his office		
	C. He went home D. He went to the g		rocery store		
5.	What did the person wh	o found his wallet do	<i>p?</i>		
	A. He called him		B. He came to his h	ouse	
	C. He called the police.		D. He gave his wall	et to the police	

#### Passage 6:

Many people buy and use copied programs for their computer. This illegal copying of computer software has become a huge industry because the software is much cheaper than the original programs.

Illegal software can be found on sale in any part of the world, although it is more readily available in Asia than in Western countries. Software manufacturers have been trying to get governments to stop this copying or "pirating". In an attempt to get rid of "software pirates", police have seized software from stores and fined the owners. This has been partially successful, but manufacturers are still losing a lot of money.

By using this kind of software, computer owners risk damaging their computer. Illegally copied software can carry computer viruses which could wipe out information stored on the computer's hard drives.

1.	Computer software is			
	A. part of all computers.		B. pirated programs.	
	C. programs used by a computer	D. poor quality.		
2.	People buy pirated software because it is			
	A. readily available inexpensive.	B. good quality.		
	C. easy to use.	D. inexpensive.		
3.	Pirated software is found			
	A. only in the West.	B. only in Asia.		
	C. worldwide.	D. in very few cou	ntries.	
4.	In some countries, owners of illegal softw	ware have	-	
	A. asked their government to stop the pira	ating.	B. been forced to pay	
money.				
	C. asked the police to help them.	D. given their softw	ware to the police.	
5.	According to the passage, software can damage computers .			
	A. no B. all	C. hard drive	D. illegal	

## Part 4. Choose the best option A, B, C or D for each of the following sets of words and phrases which together make complete sentences.

1. She/ enjoy/ practice/ English/ foreigners.

- A. She enjoys practicing English with foreingers.
- B. She enjoy practicing English with foreingers.
- C. She enjoys to practicing English with foreingers.
- D. She enjoys to practice English with foreingers.

- 2. new road/ widen/ right now.
- A. A new road is being widened right now.
- B. A new road is being widen right now.
- C. A new road is widened right now.
- D. A new road is being widening right now.
- 3. If / you/ work/ carefully/, / you/ would /not / make/ mistakes.
- A. If you worked carefully, you wouldn't make any mistakes.
- B. If you worked carefully, you won't make any mistakes.
- C. If you work carefully, you wouldn't make any mistakes.
- D. If you worked carefully, you wouldn't make some mistakes.
- 4. Nam/ said/ he/ come/ there/ week/ after.
- A. Nam said he would come there the week after.
- B. Nam said that he came there the week after.
- C. Nam said he will come there the week after.
- D. Nam said that he comes there the week after.
- 5. A new hospital/ old people/ just/ build/ our city.
- A. A new hospital for old people has just been built in our city.
- B. A new hospital for old people has been just built in our city.
- C. A new hospital for old people have just been built in our city.
- D. A new hospital for old people have been just built in our city.
- 6. John/ keen/ listen/ classical music.
- A. John is keen on listening to classical music.
- B. John is keen with listening to classical music.
- C. John is keen to listening to classical music.
- D. John is keen in listening to classical music.
- 7. Nam/ travel/ Ho Chi Minh city/ train/ last week.
- A. Nam travelled Ho Chi Minh city by train last week.
- B. Nam travel Ho Chi Minh city by train last week.
- C. Nam travels Ho Chi Minh city by train last week.
- D. Nam travelled Ho Chi Minh city by train since last week.
- 8. Film/ so/ good/ that/ I/ see/ twice.
- A. The film is so good that I have seen it twice.
- B. The film is very good that I have seen it twice.
- C. The film was so good that I have seen it twice.
- D. The film is so good that I saw it twice.
- 9. What/ you/ do/ if/ had/ a lot of money?
- A. What would you do if you had a lot of money?
- B. What will you do if you had a lot of money?
- C. What would you do if you have a lot of money?
- D. What will you do if you had had a lot of money?
- 10. The living room/ not/ large/the kitchen.
- A. The living room is not large enough for the kitchen.
- B. The living room is not enough large for the kitchen.
- C. The living room was not enough large for the kitchen.
- D. The living room was not large enough with the kitchen.
- 11. Many bridges/ going to/ build/ moment.
- A. Many bridges are going to be built at the moment.
- B. Many bridges is going to be built at the moment.
- C. Many bridges are built at the moment.
- D. Many bridges is being to be built at the moment.

- 12. I/ never/ see/ such/ interesting film/ before.
- A. I have never seen such an interesting film before.
- B. I have seen never such an interesting film before.
- C. I have never seen such a interesting film before.
- D. I have never before seen such a interesting film.
- 13. boy/ too young/ drive/ car.
- A. The boy is too young to drive a car.
- B. The boy is so young to drive a car.
- C. The boy is young enough to drive a car.
- D. The boy is enough young to drive a car.
- 14. What/ you/ do/ if/ a millionaire?
- A. What would you do if you were a millionaire?
- B. What will you do if you were a millionaire?
- C. What would you do if you are a millionaire?
- D. What will you do if you were a million?
- 15. Lan/ go/ England/ last year/ so that/ improve/ English.
- A. Lan went to England last year so that she could improve her English.
- B. Lan goes to England last year so that she could improve her English.
- C. Lan has gone to England last year so that she can improve her English.
- D. Lan has been to England last year so that she can improve her English.
- 16. I/ not rich/ enough/ buy/ new car.
- A. I am not rich enough to buy a new car.
- B. I am not enough rich to buy a new car.
- C. I amn't rich enough to buy a new car.
- D. I amn't enough rich to buy a new car.
- 17. It/ take/ John/ 3 hours/ finish/ that report.
- A. It took John 3 hours to finish that report.
- B. It take John 3 hours to finish that report.
- C. It took John 3 hours finishing that report.
- D. It takes John 3 hours to finishing that report.
- 18. The man/ stand/ over there/ my teacher of English.
- A. The man standing over there is my teacher of English.
- B. The man who stand over there is my teacher of English.
- C. The man that standing over there is my teacher of English.
- D. The man whom is standing over there is my teacher of English.
- 19. We/ not meet/ each other/ since/ leave school.
- A. We haven't met each other since we left school.
- B. We didn't meet each other since we left school.
- C. We haven't meet each other since we left school.
- D. We didn't meet each other since we have left school.
- 20. Study/ hard/ you/ fail/ exam.
- A. Study hard or you will fail the exam.
- B. Study hard and you will fail the exam.
- C. Study hard or you fail the exam.
- D. Study hard and you fail the exam.
- 21. English/ speak/ over the world.
- A. English is spoken all over the world.
- B. English was spoken all over the world.
- C. English is spoken on the world.
- D. English is spoken all in the world.

- 22. Your car/ need/ repair.
- A. Your car needs repairing.
- B. Your car need repairing.
- C. Your car needs to be repairing.
- D. Your car needs to repair.
- 23. John/ run/ slowly/ than/ Tom.
- A. John runs more slowly than Tom.
- B. John run more slowly than Tom.
- C. John runs slowly than Tom.
- D. John run slowly than Tom.
- 24. What/ you/ do/ if/ a Prime Minister?
- A. What would you do if you were a Prime Minister?
- B. What would you do if you are a Prime Minister?
- C. What will you do if you were a Prime Minister?
- D. What will you do if you are a Prime Minister?
- 25. grandfather/ too weak/ walk alone.
- A. My grandfather is too weak to walk alone.
- B. My grandfather was too weak to walking alone.
- C. My grandfather is too weak to walking alone.
- D. My grandfather was too weak walking alone.

-----

### ĐỀ THI MÃU Thời gian làm bài: 30 phút

Part 1. Choose the best option A, B, C or D to complete each sentence. (30 points)				
1. The car	I bought yesterd	ay is expensive.	· - ·	
A. whose	B. where	C. which	D. who	
2. Dalat is	than HCM City	in winter.		
A. the coldest	B. as cold	C. cold	D. colder	
3. Are you surprised at	me	here?		
A. to see	B. seen	C. seeing	D. see	
4. I ]	English books every ni	ght.		
A. reads	B. read	C. was reading	D. am reading	
5 Huy: Let's go some	where for a drink.	- Hung:	!	
5 Huy: Let's go some A. That's a good idea	a B. So so	C. Congratulations	D. You're welcome	
6 Ba: Why don't we $g$	go for a picnic on the w	veekend? - Hai:	·•	
		C. Great!		
7. Nam doesn't mind	speak	ting English with foreig	gners.	
		C. practised	D. practise	
8. She is busy all day, se	o she wants to buy a			
		C. washing machine	D. wash machine	
9. This is an	book, so I hav	e read it many times.		
A. interesting	B. interest	C. interested	D. interestingly	
10. The film itself is not good, I like its music.				
A. so	B. but	C. or	D. and	
11. I want to meet A. they	, but they	aren't at home.		
A. they	B. theirs	C. them	D. their	
12. She is of taking care of her children.				
0	B. tired		D. tires	
13. He usually goes to school to study. He is a				
A. boyschool	B. school of boy	C. boys of school	D. schoolboy	
14 An: Would you mind closing the door?   - Nam:				
-		C. No problem!	e e	
15 David: Shall we go out for a meal tonight? - Tom:				
A. Yes, I'm fine.	B. Bye, take care.	C. Yes. That's great!	D. I am free now.	

### Part 2. Read the passage and choose the best option A, B, C or D to complete each of the blanks. (25 points)

There are many ways of (1) \_\_\_\_\_ free time in Australia. Some people are fond of riding a sky-lift in Snowy Mountain or riding a surfboard in Queensland. Others love (2) \_\_\_\_\_ kangaroos and koalas in wild forests. My sister says she only enjoys watching Sydney (3) \_\_\_\_\_ the skywalk. But I myself like going to the Sydney Opera House where the great opera (4) \_\_\_\_\_ of the world can be heard. If you are (5) \_\_\_\_\_ with listening to the opera singing, there will always be at least two or three other shows to suit your taste.

1. A. spending	B. having	C. spend	D. have
2. A. watching	B. see	C. meet	D. watch
3. A. from	B. in	C. above	D. under
4. A. singers	B. singer	C. actors	D. actress
5. A. bored	B. tired	C. boring	D. tiring

## Part 3. Read the passage and choose the best option A, B, C or D to answer the questions. (25 points)

To many people, smoking is not only a pleasure but also an addiction. They need smoking, depend on it, and can hardly get rid of it. If they do not smoke for hours, they will feel a craving for a cigarette. They often chain-smoke that means they light one cigarette after another. Smoking is often considered anti-social because many people do not like the smell of cigarettes or the sight of the smoker's stained fingers and of ash-trays full of cigarette-ends. Above all, smoking is harmful to health. In many countries, they forbid to advertise cigarettes and a warning is printed every packet of cigarette that is "Smoking is bad for your health". Scientists have proved that there is a close link between smoking and lung diseases, such as cough and tuberculosis and the worst of all is a fatal cancer.

1. Smoking has a link to

1. Smoking has a link to				
A. cancer	B. tuberculosis	C. all are correct	D. cough	
2. A smoker				
A. do not depen	d on smoking			
B. depend on sn	B. depend on smoking and can hardly stop it			
C. can stop smo	C. can stop smoking easily			
D. do not addict	to smoking			
3. In many countri	es,			
A. all are correc	t	B. smoking is legal		
C. smoking is encouraged D. they forbid to advertise cigare		vertise cigarettes		
4. People smoke				
A. for pleasure	only	B. for addiction		
C. for fun	·	D. for pleasure and addiction		
5. A "chain-smoke	r" means			
A. one who rare	ely smokes			
B. one who lights one cigarette after another				
C. one who hate	es smoking			
	-			

D. one who never smokes

## Part 4. Choose the best option A, B, C or D for each of the following sets of words and phrases which together make complete sentences. (20 points)

- 1. She/ enjoy/ practice/ English/ foreigners.
- A. She enjoys practicing English with foreingers.
- B. She enjoy practicing English with foreingers.
- C. She enjoys to practicing English with foreingers.
- D. She enjoys to practice English with foreingers.
- 2. new road/ widen/ right now.
- A. A new road is being widened right now.
- B. A new road is being widen right now.
- C. A new road is widened right now.
- D. A new road is being widening right now.
- 3. If / you/ work/ carefully/, / you/ would /not / make/ mistakes.
- A. If you worked carefully, you wouldn't make any mistakes.
- B. If you worked carefully, you won't make any mistakes.
- C. If you work carefully, you wouldn't make any mistakes.
- D. If you worked carefully, you wouldn't make some mistakes.

- 4. Nam/ said/ he/ come/ there/ week/ after.
- A. Nam said he would come there the week after.
- B. Nam said that he came there the week after.
- C. Nam said he will come there the week after.
- D. Nam said that he comes there the week after.
- 5. A new hospital/ old people/ just/ build/ our city.
- A. A new hospital for old people has just been built in our city.
- B. A new hospital for old people has been just built in our city.
- C. A new hospital for old people have just been built in our city.
- D. A new hospital for old people have been just built in our city.

### The end

### CẤU TRÚC ĐỀ Thời gian làm bài: 30 phút

Part 1. Choose the best option A, B, C or D to complete each sentence. (30 points) (15 câu x 2 = 30 điểm)

Part 2. Read the passage and choose the best option A, B, C or D to complete each of the blanks. (25 points)

(5 câu x 5 = 25 diểm)

Part 3. Read the passage and choose the best option A, B, C or D to answer the questions. (25 points)

$$(5 câu x 5 = 25 diểm)$$

Part 4. Choose the best option A, B, C or D for each of the following sets of words and phrases which together make complete sentences. (20 points)

(5 câu x 4 = 20 diểm)

-----