

Part 1. Choose one option A, B, C or D corresponding to the sentence which has the same meaning as the original one.

Câu 1: *The Internet has enabled most people to get contact in a matter of moment.*

- A. Most people have been able to get contact on the Internet in a matter of moment.
- B. Most people have got in contact enabled in a matter of moment on the Internet
- C. On the Internet, most people can find their contact in a matter of moment.
- D. On the Internet, most people are able to get in contact a matter of moment.

Câu 2: *The teacher has done his best to help all students. However, none of them made any effort on their part.*

- A. Although the teacher has done his best to help all students, none of them made any effort on their part.
- B. Because the teacher has done his best to help all students, none of them made any effort on their part.
- C. If the teacher has done his best to help all students, none of them made any effort on their part.
- D. The teacher has done his best to help all student, then, none of them made any effort on their part.

Câu 3: *“Finish your work. And then you can go home.”*

- A. “You can’t go home until you finish your work.”
- B. “When you go home, finish your work then.”
- C. “Because you have finished your work, you can go home.”
- D. “You finish your work to go home as early as you can.”

Câu 4: *The secret to success is hard work.*

- A. Working hard ensures success.
- B. One must work hard to keep secrets.
- C. One can’t succeed if he has secrets.
- D. If you keep your work secret, you will succeed.

Câu 5: *Hardly anybody applied for the job.*

- A. There were very few applicants for the job.
- B. Few applicants were suitable for the job.
- C. Anybody applied for the job because it is very hard
- D. Anybody found it hard to apply for the job.

Câu 6: *Sorry, I took you someone else.*

- A. Sorry, I thought you were somebody else
- B. Sorry, I made a mistake in taking you to someone else.
- C. Sorry, I took you instead of somebody else
- D. Sorry, I asked somebody to take you.

Câu 7: *Many think that Steve stole the money.*

- A. Steve is thought to have stolen the money.
- B. The money is thought to be stolen by Steve.
- C. It was not Steve who stole the money.
- D. Many people think the money is stolen by Steve.

Câu 8: *I spent a long time getting over the disappointment of losing the match.*

- A. It took me long to forget the disappointment of losing the match.
- B. It took me long to stop disappointing you.
- C. Getting over the disappointment took me a long time than the match.
- D. Losing the match disappointed me too much.

Câu 9: *His eel soup is better than any other soups I have ever eaten.*

- A. Of all the soups I have ever eaten, his eel soup is the best.
- B. I have ever eaten many soups that are better than his eel soup.
- C. His eel soup is good but I have ever eaten many others better.
- D. His eel soup is the worst of all soups I have eaten.

Câu 10: *I haven't visited my hometown for a few years.*

- A. I last visited my hometown a few years ago.
- B. I was in my hometown for a few years.
- C. I didn't visit my hometown a few years ago.
- D. I have been in my hometown for a few years.

Câu 11: *"Why don't we go camping at the weekend?" he said.*

- A. He suggested going camping at the weekend.
- B. He objected to going camping at the weekend.
- C. He denied going camping at the weekend.
- D. He apologized for going camping at the weekend.

Câu 12: *In spite of her difficult living conditions, she worked extremely hard.*

- A. She worked very hard even though her living conditions were difficult.
- B. She worked very hard in difficult conditions.
- C. She worked very hard but she still lived in difficult conditions.
- D. She worked very hard because her living conditions were difficult.

Câu 13: *Regular exercise is essential to longevity. It is not the only factor.*

- A. Regular exercise is essential to longevity, but it is not the only factor.
- B. Regular exercise is essential to longevity, for it is not the only factor.
- C. Regular exercise is essential to longevity, if it is not the only factor.
- D. Regular exercise is essential to longevity, when it is not the only factor.

Câu 14: *When the unemployment rate is high, the crime rate is usually also high.*

- A. The higher the unemployment rate is, the higher the crime rate is.
- B. The unemployment rate is as high as the crime rate.
- C. The unemployment rate and the crime rate are both higher
- D. The high rate of unemployment depends on the high rate of crime.

Câu 15: *I strongly disapproved of your behavior. However, I will help you this time.*

- A. Despite my strong disapproval of your behavior, I will help you this time.
- B. Although I strongly disapproved of your behavior, but I will help you this time.
- C. Because of your behavior, I will help you this time.
- D. Despite of my strong disapproval of your behavior, I will help you this time.

Câu 16: *As soon as he approached the house, the policeman stopped him.*

- A. No sooner had he approached the house when the policeman stopped him.
- B. Hardly had he approached the house than the policeman stopped him.
- C. Hardly he had approached the house when the policeman stopped him.
- D. No sooner had he approached the house than the policeman stopped him.

Câu 17: *John, whose cough is terrible, needs to see a doctor.*

- A. John's doctor does not want to see him because he has a bad cough.
- B. John's terrible cough prevents from seeing a doctor.
- C. John needs to see a doctor because of his terrible cough.
- D. John's terrible cough forces him to see a doctor.

Câu 18: *His stomach cancer was too serious to have an operation.*

- A. His stomach cancer was serious so that to have an operation.
- B. His stomach cancer was too serious so that the doctor could operate on him.
- C. His stomach cancer was so serious to have an operation.
- D. His stomach cancer was so serious that the doctor couldn't operate on him.

Câu 19: *The job I applied for was not good. I had expected it to be better.*

- A. The job I applied for was better than I had expected.
- B. The job I applied for was not as good as I had expected.
- C. The job I applied for was not as good as I had expected it to be better.
- D. I applied for a job which was not as good as I had expected it to be better.

Câu 20: *There was nobody else apart from me who wanted to watch the program.*

- A. I saw nobody who wanted to watch the program.
- B. Not only me but somebody still wanted to watch the program.
- C. I was the only person who wanted to watch the program.
- D. Many people including me wanted to watch the program.

Câu 21: *Mary broke up with her boyfriend. She couldn't stand his complaining.*

- A. Mary broke up with her boyfriend because she couldn't stand his complaining.
- B. Although Mary broke up with her boyfriend, she couldn't stand his complaining.
- C. Mary broke up with her boyfriend; however, she couldn't stand his complaining.
- D. Mary broke up with her boyfriend in case she couldn't stand his complaining.

Câu 22: *"I will come back home soon," he said.*

- A. He promised to come back home soon
- B. He advised to come back home soon.
- C. He offered to come back home soon.
- D. He suggested that he should come back home soon.

Câu 23: *"Hello, Mary!" Peter said. '*

- A. Peter told Mary hello
- B. Peter said hello Mary.
- C. Peter said Mary hello.
- D. Peter greeted Mary

Câu 24: *The secretary said, "Sorry, I will never work on Sunday."*

- A. The secretary refused not to work on Sunday.
- B. The secretary reminded her boss to work on Sunday.
- C. The secretary refused to work on Sunday.
- D. The secretary promised not to work on Sunday.

Câu 25: *When the unemployment rate is high, the crime rate is usually also high.*

- A. The unemployment rate and the crime rate are both higher
- B. The unemployment rate is as high as the crime rate.
- C. The higher the unemployment rate is, the higher the crime rate is.
- D. The high rate of unemployment depends on the high rate of crime.

Part 2. Choose the correct option A, B, C, or D for each blank.

Passage 1.

Marie Curie, the Polish-born French physicist and chemist was a courageous and determined woman. She left her home for Paris to (1)_____ her interest in science. Living in (2)_____, she still managed to graduate at the top of her class. She met Pierre Curie immediately after graduation and married him a year later. Together, Pierre and Marie (3)_____ the most famous husband-and-wife couple in science history. They (4)_____ the Radioactive elements, Polonium and Radium. They (5)_____ the Nobel Prize for Physics in 1903.

- Câu 1:** A. pursue B. take C. follow D. satisfy
- Câu 2:** A. poverty B. loneliness C. wealth D. difficulty
- Câu 3:** A. formed B. organized C. established D. built
- Câu 4:** A. discovered B. invented C. built D. made
- Câu 5:** A. were awarded B. awarded C. had awarded D. were awarding

Passage 2.

What sort of job should you look for? Much depends on your long-term aim. You need to ask (6)_____ whether you want to specialize in a particular field, work your way up to higher levels of responsibility or (7)_____ of your current employment into a broader field. This job

will be studied very carefully when you send your letter of application for your next job. It should show evidence of serious career planning. (8)_____ important, it should extend you, develop you and give you increasing responsibility. Incidentally, if the travel bug is biting, (9)_____ is the time to pack up and go. You can do temporary work for a (10)_____; when you return, pick up where you have left off and get the second job.

- Câu 6:** A. yourself B. oneself C. if D. you
Câu 7: A. over B. off C. into D. out
Câu 8: A. Almost B. Less C. Even D. Most
Câu 9: A. now B. then C. so D. such
Câu 10: A. while B. time C. day D. ages

Passage 3.

You will make the interview process easier for the employer if you prepare relevant information about yourself. Think about how you want to present your (11)_____, experiences, education, work style, skills, and goals. Be prepared to supplement all your answers with examples that support the statements you make. It is also a good idea to review your resume with a critical eye and (12)_____ areas that an employer might see as limitations or want further information. Think about how you can answer difficult questions (13)_____ and positively, while keeping each answer brief.

An interview gives the employer a (14)_____ to get to know you. While you do want to market yourself to the employer, answer each question with an honest (15)_____.

- Câu 11:** A. promotions B. practices C. strengths D. pressures
Câu 12: A. identify B. hide C. express D. limit
Câu 13: A. accurately B. hardly C. sharply D. rightly
Câu 14: A. chance B. way C. change D. practice
Câu 15: A. response B. respect C. expression D. ability

Passage 4.

Except for a few high school students who can continue (16)_____ their studies in colleges or universities, (17)_____, school-leavers experience their (18)_____ from school to work with a feeling of hope and worry. As for them, the end of school (19)_____ the beginning of their independent new life. They are eager for their first job (20)_____ it will help them contribute a bit to their family budget, feel better about themselves and above all, give them desirable state of the worker.

- Câu 16:** A. in B. with C. on D. during
Câu 17: A. a lot B. mostly C. most of D. most
Câu 18: A. transit B. translation C. transition D. transmission
Câu 19: A. finishes B. gives C. means D. depends
Câu 20: A. though B. because C. when D. if

Passage 5.

Applying for a job is a process of several stages. First, when a new job is (21)_____, people apply by sending their CVs and covering letters. All these CVs and covering letters are then (22)_____, and only the relevant applicants with suitable (23)_____ and qualifications are shortlisted and invited for a job interview. If the candidates can perform well and (24)_____ the interviewers during the interview, they can be recruited. Next, the new (25)_____ often go through a probation period that may last from several months to a year, depending on the policy of the company or organisation.

- Câu 21:** A. recruited B. advertised C. created D. opened
Câu 22: A. read B. submitted C. returned D. screened

- Câu 23:** A. experience B. experiment C. experienced D. experimental
Câu 24: A. entertain B. invite C. impress D. request
Câu 25: A. recruitment B. recruiter C. recruited D. recruits

Part 3. Choose the best option A, B, C or D to complete each sentence.

- Câu 1:** Only the best _____ is recruited.
A. employee B. application C. candidate D. CV
- Câu 2:** He was offered the job despite his poor _____.
A. qualifications B. achievements C. preparations D. expressions
- Câu 3:** The cashiers were asked to watch out _____ forged banknotes.
A. for B. on C. to D. with
- Câu 4:** A skilled _____ will help candidates feel relaxed.
A. interviewing B. interviewee C. interviewer D. interview
- Câu 5:** He behaved _____ nothing had happened.
A. if B. as if C. before D. because
- Câu 6:** After working at the same company for thirty years, my grandfather was looking forward to his _____.
A. charity B. pension C. allowance D. overtime
- Câu 7:** After three years working hard, he was _____.
A. advanced B. raised C. promoted D. elevated
- Câu 8:** People usually use more _____ language when they're in serious situations like interviews.
A. serious B. solemn C. formal D. informal
- Câu 9:** He has all the right _____ for the job.
A. degrees B. certificates C. qualifications D. diplomas
- Câu 10:** Mary is talking to her mother.
- Mary: "I've made a lot of new friends" - Mary's mother: "_____".
A. You are doing so well, dear. B. I can't agree more with yours.
C. I feel so sorry for you, my girl. D. You can never understand, dear.
- Câu 11:** The chairman didn't make any _____ upon the matter.
A. evaluation B. investment C. opinion D. comment
- Câu 12:** Don't you think you should apply for the job _____ writing?
A. at B. with C. in D. for
- Câu 13:** Finding a job in this time of economic crisis is becoming _____.
A. as more difficult than B. more difficult than
C. more and more difficult D. more than difficult
- Câu 14:** Being a flight attendant is a _____ job. You may have to work long hours on long flights and not get enough sleep.
A. tedious B. rewarding C. fascinating D. demanding
- Câu 15:** I studied languages _____ I could work abroad.
A. so B. as C. if D. so that
- Câu 16:** A round object that moves around a planet other than the Earth is _____ moon.
A. an B. a C. no article D. the
- Câu 17:** The doctor told him to _____ his drinking.
A. put up with B. go on with C. cut down on D. keep up with
- Câu 18:** _____ speaking, I do not really like my present job.
A. Dishonest B. Honesty C. Honestly D. Honest
- Câu 19:** The lecturer recommended _____ a number of books before the exam.

- A. we reading B. to have read C. to read D. reading
- Câu 20:** The woman asked _____ get lunch at school or not.
 A. can the children B. even if the children could
 C. could the children D. whether the children could
- Câu 21:** _____ hard he has worked, he hardly supports his family of ten people.
 A. In spite B. Although C. Despite D. However
- Câu 22:** I found a job _____ for the position of a waiter in a restaurant.
 A. seeker B. advertisement C. place D. interview
- Câu 23:** She told me to _____ on my studies.
 A. rely B. pay attention C. focus D. come
- Câu 24:** Two friends Diana and Anne are talking about a reference book.
 - Diana: " The reference book you lent me last week is so helpful for my science report, Anne"
 - Anne: " _____"
 A. Keep your nose out of my business. B. I'm happy to hear that.
 C. Well, my your words. D. You can't believe it!
- Câu 25:** - Laura: "What a lovely house you have!" - Maria: " _____".
 A. Thank you. Hope you will drop in B. I think so
 C. No problem D. Of course not, it's not costly
- Câu 26:** People with good _____ skills are good at negotiating and satisfying the expectations of the people involved.
 A. co-operative B. personal C. interpersonal D. communication
- Câu 27:** The _____ for this position starts at thirty thousand Euros per year.
 A. payment B. salary C. tip D. wage
- Câu 28:** Animals classified as CR on the conservation status scale are in danger of _____.
 A. vulnerable B. critical endangered
 C. endangered D. extinction
- Câu 29:** I wondered _____ the right thing.
 A. am I doing B. if I am doing
 C. whether I was doing D. was I doing
- Câu 30:** _____ instructed me how to make a good preparation for a job interview.
 A. John Robbins to that I spoke by telephone,
 B. John Robbins, whom I spoke to by telephone,
 C. John Robbins I spoke to by telephone,
 D. John Robbins, that I spoke to by telephone,
- Câu 31:** The first week at university is a bit _____.
 A. confusion B. confusing C. confused D. confusingly
- Câu 32:** You must walk slowly if you want the children to _____ with.
 A. go on B. come up C. keep on D. keep up
- Câu 33:** Qualifications and _____ are two most important factors that help you get a good job.
 A. politeness B. impression C. experience D. attention
- Câu 34:** Would you like to have a _____ job?
 A. responsible B. urban C. well-paid D. caring
- Câu 35:** She warned me _____ late-night horror films.
 A. not watching B. shouldn't watch C. not to watch D. don't watch
- Câu 36:** Many unemployment people welcome the chance to do purposeful work, even if _____.

- A. unsuitable B. unprepared C. unpleasant D. unpaid

Câu 37: “What qualities do you have that make you a suitable candidate for this post?”
“ _____ ”

- A. Well, I have a lot of qualifications that match.
B. I used to work in a similar position for two years.
C. I consider myself to be trustworthy, responsible and punctual.
D. I’m highly qualified for the post.

Câu 38: _____ is a person without a job, who is trying to find one.

- A. A job interview B. A job applicant
C. A job seeker D. A job advertisement

Câu 39: New employees can be put on a _____ period to see if they are suitable for the position.

- A. training B. probation C. working D. temporary

Câu 40: When the factory closed, over a hundred people were _____ redundant.

- A. done B. made C. given D. taken

Câu 41: Vietnamese students should _____ their future jobs.

- A. stop to have their parents deciding on B. stop having their parents to decide on
C. stop having their parents deciding on D. stop having their parents decide on

Câu 42: A better solution should be _____ to deal with the matter of mass immigration from the rural areas.

- A. made B. adopted C. created D. done

Câu 43: No one sings that song _____ she did.

- A. which B. if C. like D. that

Câu 44: _____ Vietnam was transforming from an underdeveloped country to a developing one.

- A. It was during the 1990s that B. It was that during the 1990s
C. That it was during the 1990s D. During the 1990s it was that

Câu 45: Don’t be pessimistic if you are not _____ the first time you apply for a job. Look for other opportunities.

- A. impressed B. interviewed C. called D. shortlisted

Câu 46: One condition of this job is that you must be _____ to work at weekends.

- A. accessible B. available C. capable D. acceptable

Câu 47: Please find my CV _____ in this letter.

- A. enclosed B. enclosure C. enclose D. enclosing

Câu 48: John: Why don’t you wear trainers to work? Smith: _____.

- A. My boss doesn’t want to B. We aren’t let wear
C. My boss makes me not to D. We aren’t allowed to

Câu 49: Many young people travel all over the world and do all kinds of jobs before they _____.

- A. put down B. settle down C. lie down D. touch down

Câu 50: A letter of _____ is sometimes really necessary for you in a job interview.

- A. recommend B. recommendation C. recommended D. recommender

Câu 51: I have _____ a university place to study economics.

- A. secure B. chosen C. opted D. secured

Câu 52: Prices get _____.

- A. high and high B. highest and highest
C. higher and higher D. more and more high

Câu 53: I think that doing medical research would be really _____ because this job would save people's lives.

- A. challenging B. monotonous C. tiresome D. rewarding

Câu 54: - Minh: Would you mind telling me where he works? - Nam: _____.

- A. No, of course not B. Yes, I would
C. Well, he works in a hospital D. Never mind

Câu 55: The boss _____ because he was always behind the deadlines.

- A. threatened him to dismiss B. threatened to dismiss him
C. promised him to dismiss D. suggested him to dismiss

Câu 56: Apprentices should shadow a senior staff and get to grips _____ the basics of the job.

- A. with B. towards C. in D. on

Câu 57: With so much _____, I'm lucky to be in work.

- A. employees B. employment C. unemployment D. employers

Câu 58: "What's your dream job?" " _____ "

- A. I want to gain work experience first. B. I'd like to go straight into university.
C. I want to be successful D. I've always wanted to be a doctor

Câu 59: Before the interview, you have to send a letter of application and your résumé to the company.

- A. recommendation B. reference C. photograph D. curriculum vitae

Câu 60: I thought I'd _____ you while I was passing.

- A. drop in on B. put up with C. get on with D. look forward to

Câu 61: If the candidates can perform well and impress the interviewers during the interview, they can be _____.

- A. chosen B. offered C. recruited D. applied

Câu 62: None of these problems _____ if everyone _____ at the party on time.

- A. would occur / arrives B. would have occurred / had arrived
C. would occur / arrived D. will occur / arrives

Câu 63: I asked them when _____ changed.

- A. the timetable had been B. timetable is
C. was the timetable D. the timetable has been

Câu 64: I'm not going to _____ their smoking any longer.

- A. put up with B. keep up with C. face up to D. come up with

Câu 65: People are often unwilling to tell a stranger how much they _____.

- A. obtain B. earn C. gain D. deserve

Câu 66: It is not easy to find a job today. A lot of people are _____.

- A. no job B. out of work C. out of order D. no work

Câu 67: Sky diving is a (an) _____ sport, but many people like it.

- A. dangerously B. in danger C. dangerous D. endanger

Câu 68: He lost his keys yesterday. Now he is _____ them.

- A. looking after B. looking at C. looking up D. looking for

Câu 69: - Mai: Would you like to go to the English Club with me? - Lan: _____ .

- A. Sorry, I'm busy B. Nothing C. Fine, thanks D. Once a week

Câu 70: He drives _____ than his younger brother.

- A. more carefully B. as careful C. more careful D. the most carefully

Câu 71: Which do you prefer, watching film _____ listening to music?

- A. and B. but C. so D. or

Câu 72: Football seems to be the most _____ game in England.

- A. populate B. popularity C. populated D. popular

- Câu 73:** In England, people in the North is _____ from people in the South.
 A. difference B. different C. differ D. differently
- Câu 74:** Some people are _____ prison for crimes they have not committed.
 A. in B. on C. at D. to
- Câu 75:** I remember _____ him once in my life.
 A. to meet B. meeting C. to have met D. met

Part 4. Read the following passage and then choose the best answer A, B, C or D to each of the questions.

Passage 1.

Saving energy means saving money. Home owners and renters know this basic fact, but they often don't know what kinds of adjustments they can make in their homes and apartments that will result in savings.

For those willing to spend some time and money to reap long-term energy savings, an energy audit is the way to go. An energy auditor will come into your home and assess its energy efficiency. The auditor will pinpoint areas of your home that use the most energy and offer solutions to lower your energy use and costs. Trained energy auditors know what to look for and can locate a variety of flaws that may be resulting in energy inefficiency, including inadequate insulation, construction flaws, and uneven heat distribution.

There are quicker and less costly measures that can be taken as well. One way to save money is to replace incandescent lights with fluorescents. This can result in a savings of more than 50% on your monthly lighting costs.

When it's time to replace old appliances, it's wise to spend a bit more for an energy-efficient model, and be sure that you are taking advantage of energy-saving settings already on your current refrigerator, dishwasher, washing machine, or dryer.

Windows provide another opportunity to cut your energy costs. Caulk old Windows that might be leaky to prevent drafts, and choose double-paned windows if you're building an addition or replacing old windows.

Most areas of your home or apartment offer opportunities to save energy and money. The results are significant and are well worth the effort.

Câu 1: Which two main organizational schemes can be identified in this passage?

- A. order by topic and cause and effect
- B. hierarchical order and order by topic
- C. hierarchical order and chronological order
- D. chronological order and compare and contrast

Câu 2: Which of the following ideas is NOT included in this passage?

- A. Your local energy company will send an energy auditor at your request.
- B. Double-paned windows can cut energy costs.
- C. You can reduce your \$130 monthly lighting costs to \$65 by using fluorescent bulbs instead of incandescent.
- D. Some appliances have energy-saving settings.

Câu 3: Which of the following best expresses the main idea of this passage?

- A. There are many things a homeowner or renter can do to save energy and money.
- B. Hiring an energy auditor will save energy and money.
- C. Homeowners and renters don't know what they can do to save energy and money.
- D. Replacing windows and light bulbs are well worth the effort and cost.

Câu 4: According to the passage, which of the following would an energy auditor NOT do?

- A. Locate a variety of flaws that may result in energy inefficiency and fix them.
- B. Look for problems with heat distribution.
- C. Offer solutions to lower your energy costs.
- D. Check for construction flaws.

Câu 5: *According to the passage, double-paned windows*

- A. are energy efficient.
- B. should only be used as replacement windows.
- C. should only be used in new additions to homes.
- D. will lower your heating costs by 50%.

Passage 2.

Man is a land animal, but he also closely tied to the sea. Throughout history, the sea has served the needs of man. The sea has provided man with food an convenient way to travel to many parts of the world. Today, nearly two thirds of the world's population live within 80 kilometres of the sea coast.

In the modern technological world, the sea offers many resources to help mankind survive. Resources on land are beginning to be used up. The sea, however, still can be hoped to supply many man's needs. The list of riches of the sea yet to be developed by man's technology is impressive. Oil and gas explorations have been carried out for nearly 30 years. Valuable amounts of minerals exist on the ocean floor are ready to be mined.

Fish farming promises to be a good way to produce large quantities of food. The culture of fish and shellfish is an ancient skill practised in the past mainly by Oriental people.

Besides oil and gas, the sea may offer new sources of energy. Experts believe that the warm temperature of the ocean can be used in a way similar to the steam in a steamship. Ocean currents and waves offer possible use as a source of energy.

Technology is enabling man to explore ever more deeply under the sea. The development of strong, new materials has made this possible. The technology to harvest the sea continues to improve. Experts believe that by the year 2020 the problems that prevent us from exploiting fully the food, minerals, and energy source of the sea will be largely solved.

Câu 1: *The major things that the sea offers man are _____.*

- A. food, energy sources, and minerals
- B. minerals and oil
- C. fish and oil
- D. ocean currents and waves

Câu 2: *The sea serves the needs of man as _____.*

- A. it provides man with food, oil and other valuable sources
- B. it offers oil and other valuable sources
- C. it provides man with modern technology
- D. it provides man with food

Câu 3: *We can conclude from the passage that _____.*

- A. the sea, in a broad sense, has not yet been developed
- B. the sea resources have largely been used up
- C. the problems that prevent us from fully exploiting the sea have already been solved
- D. by the year 2020, the technology will be good enough to exploit all the sea resources

Câu 4: *The words **Oriental people** in the fourth paragraph means _____.*

- A. people in Asia
- B. people in Africa
- C. European people
- D. American people

Câu 5: *The best title for this paragraph is _____.*

- A. Sea Harvest
- B. Technology for Exploiting the Sea
- C. Seafood
- D. Man and the Sea

Passage 3.

The World Health Organization (WHO) is a specialized agency of the United Nations that acts as a coordinating authority on international public health. Established on 7 April, 1948, and headquartered in Geneva, Switzerland, the agency inherited the mandate and resources of its predecessor, the Health Organization.

The WHO's constitution, states that its objective is "the attainment by all peoples of the highest possible level of health." Its major task is to combat diseases, especially key infectious diseases, and to promote the general health of the people of the world. The WHO also sponsors programs to prevent and treat serious epidemics such as SARS, malaria, and AIDS. The WHO

supports the development and distribution of safe and effective vaccines, pharmaceutical diagnostics, and drugs. After over 2 decades of fighting smallpox, the WHO declared in 1980 that the disease had been eradicated - the first disease in history to be eliminated by human effort.

The WHO is nearing success in developing vaccines against malaria and aims to eradicate polio within the next few years. The organization has already endorsed the world's first official HIV/AIDS Tool kit for Zimbabwe making it an international standard. In addition to its work in eradicating disease, the WHO also carries out various health-related campaigns, for example, to boost the consumption of fruits and vegetables worldwide and to discourage tobacco use.

Experts met at the WHO headquarters in Geneva in February, 2007, and reported that their work on pandemic influenza vaccine development had achieved encouraging progress. More than 40 clinic trials have been completed or are ongoing. Most have focused on healthy adults. Some companies, after completing safety analyses in adults, have initiated clinical trials in the elderly and in children. All vaccines so far appear to be safe and well-tolerated in all age groups tested.

Câu 1: *According to the text, which disease has been eradicated?*

- A. Smallpox B. SARS C. AIDS D. Malaria

Câu 2: *Which is not mentioned in the second paragraph 'as the tasks of the World Health Organization?*

- A. To supply food for patients
B. to support pharmaceutical diagnostics, and drugs
C. To combat diseases
D. To promote the general health of everyone in the world

Câu 3: *The World Health Organization (WHO) _____.*

- A. works on international public health B. has no predecessor
C. has no relation to the United Nations D. only takes care of Swiss people

Câu 4: *Influenza vaccine _____.*

- A. has appeared to be safe in all age groups tested
B. has only been used for adults
C. causes bad effects on children and elderly people
D. cannot be used for children

Câu 5: *According to the third paragraph, the World Health Organization _____.*

- A. has not developed vaccines against malaria yet
B. is trying to eradicate polio
C. is not concerned about polio
D. also carries out various health-related campaigns

]Passage 4.

At the school-leaving age, some school-leavers go into college, and others go directly into the workforce. For children that go directly into the workforce, there needs to be a certain amount of academic preparation.

Firstly, decide on a future career. If your child knows that college is not the path they want to take, they need to have a good idea of what they want to do. A 10th grader should have a good idea of what it is they want to do when they are done with their schooling.

Secondly, once your students have decided on a future career, you need to map out a plan of action. They will need to spend some time becoming an authority in their area of interest. This can be done through reading, taking classes, and keeping up with changes and innovation in their area of interest through reading blogs and industry periodicals.

Thirdly, gaining experience. A good way for a teen to gain experience in their area of expertise is to take part time job and to get internships. This is very important because having this kind of early life experience in their sought-after field can take the place of a degree.

Finally, demonstrate skill. Your students should do something that demonstrates they are skilled enough to handle the job. If they are interested in making furniture, they should build an armoire. If they want to be a computer programmer, they should write a program. If they want to be an artist, they should have an artist portfolio.

Câu 1: *At the school-leaving age, _____*

A. school-leavers who want to go to work directly need to have an academic preparation for their future work.

B. some school-leavers need an academic preparation to enter college.

C. all school-leavers are eager to enter colleges or universities

D. most school-leavers go directly into the workforce.

Câu 2: *It's necessary for school-leavers _____*

A. to decide that college is not the path they want to take.

B. to have a good idea of what they want to do when leaving high schools.

C. to decide on a future career before going into college or university.

D. to go to work to earn their own money.

Câu 3: *Once the students have decided on their future career _____*

A. The teacher needs to map out a plan of action to help the students get some knowledge of their area of interest.

B. The teacher should read as many industrial periodicals as possible.

C. The teacher needs to spend some time becoming an authority in his or her area of interest.

D. They need to ask the teacher for some advice.

Câu 4: *According to the passage, it's true to say that the students who want to go directly into workforce _____*

A. can only gain experience after they have applied for good jobs

B. should take any job before deciding their career

C. should do something that demonstrates that they are skilled enough to handle the job after taking the job

D. should take a part- time job and get internships to gain experience

Câu 5: *The main idea of the passage is _____.*

A. some useful steps school- leavers should follow if they tend to go directly into the workforce

B. many various kinds of jobs for school- leavers

C. there's a tendency for school- leavers to go directly into the workforce

D. what the teacher should do to help his children to go into the workforce

Passage 5.

A trend in women's change in attitude to work and home life roles has launched because more and more women begin to feel the stress and exhaustion when they play multiple roles.

The image for women of the 1950s was the domesticated housewife and mother who cooked, cleaned, and sewed. The vogue woman of today is proud while possessing the role as career woman and mother, wife and domestic organizer. Yet, the main thing that has really changed for the modern woman is the fact that her workload has doubled from the duality for her role. The effects of this duality are being felt through stress, and unfairness.

A recent study has shown that 68% of women see a conflict between working and raising a family. It is no wonder since large amounts of stress stem from a woman's professional career in collaboration with her role as housekeeper and mother. A study in 1997 by the Canadian Review of Sociology and Anthropology found that, "stress appears to be strongly related to being employed outside the home and is more strongly felt by women working more hours, especially those working full – time. The 2001 U.S. Current Population Survey found that many women wish to have fewer office hours. More and more women want to cut work hours

because they find it difficult to take care of household responsibilities while maintaining a career. The female Lifestyle Survey of Great Britain 2004 found that 86% of full time working women did most of the housework and 77% did most of the child rearing, which has made them quite exhausted.

Câu 1: *The text is about _____ .*

- A. women's preference of multiple roles
- B. women's stress caused by her children
- C. women's exhaustion caused by her boss
- D. women's difficulties when they have to work both outside and at home

Câu 2: *Being both a career woman and domestic organizer makes women _____.*

- A. happy and independent
- B. proud and exciting
- C. vogue and wonderful
- D. stressed and exhausted

Câu 3: *Which idea is not referred in the text?*

- A. All women can do well with their roles both at home and at work
- B. Many women realize a conflict between working and raising a family
- C. There have been several studies and surveys on women and their roles
- D. Stress stems from a woman's professional career and her roles as a housekeeper and mother

Câu 4: *The writer _____.*

- A. objected to the fact that women worked outside the home
- B. advised women to quit their jobs and stay at home for childbearing
- C. conducted several surveys on women and their work
- D. described the situations that working women suffered from stress and exhaustion

Câu 5: *Women _____ .*

- A. want to have less work hours
- B. want to have more work hours
- C. do not want to do housework any more
- D. do not want to join social activities

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